Nouns

Parts of Speech

Nouns

Person, place, or thing.

Examples

school
Michael Jackson
freedom

Proper and Common Nouns

Proper nouns refer to a specific thing Proper Nouns are ALWAYS capitalized.

Common nouns refer to a general thing.

Common Noun	Proper Noun
shoes	Air Jordan's
teacher	Mr. Morton
science class	Biology 101
book	War of the Worlds

Singular, Plural, & Possessive Nouns

Singular Nouns = Just one

Ex: cat, Jerrel, pen

Plural Nouns = More than one

Ex: houses, hats, mice

Possessive Nouns = Shows ownership

Ex: Mia's, Chris's, Flanders', students'

Add **apostrophe** and "**s**", unless word ends in "Z" sound. Then just add apostrophe.

Concrete and Abstract Nouns

Concrete Noun: a person, place, or thing occupying the physical world.

Ex: desk, muscles, student

Abstract Noun: an idea or nonphysical thing.

Ex: peace, strength, theory of evolution,

Review

Nouns are people, places, and things.

Nouns can be common or proper, AND Nouns can be concrete or abstract, AND Nouns can be plural, singular, or possessive.

Practice

I'll put nouns on the board.

You tell me if they are...

common or proper, AND plural, singular, or possessive, AND concrete or abstract.

hats

Leif Ericson's

luck

Chicago

wolves'

intelligence

Ford City Mall

liberties

sailors'

DVDs

Answers

- 1. common, plural, concrete
- 2. proper, possessive, concrete
- 3. common, singular, abstract
- 4. proper, singular, concrete
- 5. common, possessive (& plural), concrete
- 6. common, singular, abstract
- 7. proper, singular, concrete
- 8. common, plural, abstract
- 9. common, possessive, concrete
- 10. common, plural, concrete