	Name:				
Tone Worksheet 2					
Directions: Read each poem and then answer the following questions.					
Heat By Hilda Doolittle					
O wind, rend ¹ open the heat, Cut apart the heat, Rend it to tatters ² .	Cut the heat Plough through it, Turning it on either side				
Fruit cannot drop Through this thick air Fruit cannot fall into heat That presses up and blunts The points of pears And rounds the grapes.	Of your path. 1. rend: to tear or rip apart 2. tatters: ragged clothing, fabric, or paper				
1. What is this poem about?					
2. What is the speaker's tone?					
Explain your answer using textual evidence.					
from The Land of Beginning Again By Louisa Fletcher Tarkington					
I wish there were some wonderful place Called the Land of Beginning Again, Where all our mistakes and all our heartaches, And all our poor, selfish grieves ¹ Could be dropped, like a shabby ² old coat, at the door, And never put on again.	So I wish that there were some wonderful place Called the Land of Beginning Again, Where all our mistakes and all our heartaches, And all our poor, selfish grieves Could be dropped, like a ragged old coat, at the door,				
We would find the things we intended to do,	And never put on again.				
But forgot and remembered too late Little praises unspoken, little promises broken, And all of the thousand and one Little duties neglected ³ that might have perfected The days of one less fortunate.	 grieves: to feel very sad about something shabby: torn, worn, in poor condition neglected: failed to care for something 				
3. What is this poem about?					
4. What is the speaker's tone?					
Explain your answer using textual evidence.					

Strange Meetings

By Harold Mono

If suddenly a clod¹ of earth should rise, And walk about, and breathe, and speak, and love, How one would tremble, and in what surprise Gasp: "Can you move?"

I see men walking, and I always feel:
"Earth! How have you done this? What can you be?"
I can't learn how to know men, or conceal²
How strange they are to me.

1.	clod: a lump	of something,	especially	dirt or cla	ay

2. **conceal**: hide

5. What is this poem about?		
6. What is the speaker's tone?		
Explain your answer using textual evidence.		
Explain your answer using textual evidence.		

from Riding to Town

By Paul Lawrence Dunbar

When labor is light and the morning is fair, I find it a pleasure beyond all compare To hitch up my nag¹ and go hurrying down And take Katie May for a ride into town; For bumpety-bump goes the wagon, But tra-la-la our lay.

There's joy in a song as we rattle along In the light of the glorious day.

A coach would be fine, but a spring wagon's good; My jeans are a match for Kate's gingham² and hood; The hills take us up and the vales³ take us down, But what matters that? we are riding to town, And bumpety-bump goes the wagon, But tra-la-la sing we.

There's never a care may live in the air That is filled with the breath of our glee.

1. **nag:** a horse

2. gingham: a cotton fabric

3. vales: valleys

7. What is this poem about?		
8. What is the speaker's tone?		
Explain your answer using textual evidence.		