Abstract and Concrete Nouns 1
Lost At Sea...

Part One: Identifying Abstract and Concrete Nouns
Underline concrete nouns. Circle abstract nouns.

1. Jane and David have been on a raft for weeks.
2. Jane still has hope but David feels despair.
3. David has been having thoughts where Jane turns into a hotdog.
4. Rather than give into hunger, David tries to fish.
5. David makes a net from an old bag and thread.
6. David uses his intelligence to catch a fish and Jane is happy.
7. Jane collects rain in a tarp but thirst is a problem.
8. Boredom is a constant threat so David and Jane make up stories to pass the time.
9. A powerful love grows between David and Jane during the time that they spend at sea.
10. This love sprang from sacrifice and it has helped Jane and David survive.
11. David spots fins cutting across the water.
12. A shark bumps the raft and David loses his balance.
13. Jane is challenged by fear but overcomes her terror and saves David.
14. David and Jane swim to safety on an abandoned island just as the boat capsizes.
15. David and Jane are alive but now have new problems to face.

Part Two: Using Abstract and Concrete Nouns
Complete each of the following tasks.

1. Look around the room and write 10 concrete nouns that you can see.
2. Abstract nouns are often qualities or characteristics, such as beauty or strength. Create a list of 10 abstract nouns that are qualities or characteristics. DO NOT USE THE ADJECTIVE FORMS (i.e. write beauty not beautiful, and strength not strong).
3. Write a complete sentence with an abstract and concrete noun.